

approach. This approach to regulation was destroying our small businesses.

A handful of visionaries came to the rescue with the Regulatory Flexibility Act which is often referred to as the magna carta of small business rights. It was advanced in a bipartisan manner by a group of individuals who deserve our praise today.

Members of the House who led the charge back then were Andy Ireland, the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. SKELTON) and Neal Smith. Their colleagues in the Senate were John Culver and Gaylord Nelson. From the business community, there were many individuals who contributed to this effort, most notably John Motley and former Congressman Mike McKeivitt. And, of course, as with most things we do, there was exceptional staff work done on making the Regulatory Flexibility Act a reality, most notably the contributions of then the House Committee on Small Business staffer, Stephen P. Lynch.

Happy birthday Reg Flex Act.

REFORM FOR SENTENCING OF SEX OFFENDERS

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, a 22-year-old Boston transvestite kidnapped and molested a 12-year-old boy with a screwdriver. After all of this, the judge said there is just a little too much hype about this case. Thus, Judge Lopez sentenced this sex offender to 1 year probation and no jail time.

Unbelievable. What is next? Country clubs for child molesters? Think about it. These courts are so screwed up, admitted serial murderers get 3 square meals, TV, law libraries, and air-conditioning.

Beam me up. I say there should be a court-ordered sex change on this transvestite performed by Dr. Lorena Bobbit in Boston, Massachusetts. That would stop this garbage.

I yield back the fact that this judge should be removed from office.

CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS FROM HOLLYWOOD UNDERMINES CANDIDATE CREDIBILITY

(Mr. PITTS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, on August 10, 1999, there was an article in the Los Angeles Times. AL GORE was in Hollywood raising money for his campaign.

The Los Angeles Times reported that he told these big Hollywood contributors in very clear terms that a probe into Hollywood violence was the President's idea, not his. These Hollywood big wigs make a lot of money from violent movies and did not like the idea of Washington politicians meddling with their profits.

Well, Mr. Speaker, that investigation that AL GORE once disavowed is complete and it turns out that these Hollywood types have been marketing violent movies and video games to 12-year-olds. Even President Clinton is mad. But AL GORE has accepted over \$13 million in donations from this special interest industry.

Now, AL GORE wants us to believe that he is going to do something about violent movies, video games and music lyrics. Would it seem too cynical if I said, quite simply, I do not believe it.

CALLING FOR RECALL OF CONTAMINATED GENETICALLY ENGINEERED CORN

(Mr. KUCINICH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KUCINICH. Mr. Speaker, we are told over and over again that the Food and Drug Administration is protecting the food supply by carefully scrutinizing this new genetically engineered food technology with full consideration for our safety. We are told over and over again that the biotech food industry will protect us. We are told over and over again that genetically engineered food is safe.

Mr. Speaker, my colleagues may have heard the startling new reports that unapproved genetically engineered corn has contaminated the Taco Bell taco shells found on our grocery store shelves. This corn has not been approved by the EPA for human consumption because of their concern for allergies.

The GE food industry, the genetically engineered food industry fails the American public and they are losing the public's trust in this matter.

Yesterday, the FDA announced that they will recall the product if their own testing confirms the contamination. I am asking Members to please sign my letter to the FDA asking for the recall and the FDA testing of more products that might contain this illegal corn variety.

DIGITAL DIVIDE ACCESS TO TECHNOLOGY ACT

(Mr. WELLER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WELLER. Mr. Speaker, let me share some statistics with my colleagues. Over 100 million Americans today are online, and seven new Americans go on line every second. One-third of all new jobs today are created in the technology sector, and in my home State of Illinois, salaries of technology workers are 59 percent higher than other traditional jobs.

There is great opportunity in this new economy, but educators tell me they notice the difference back home in our schools between those children who have computers and Internet ac-

cess at home and those who do not. When we ask why they do not, they always say that the cost is the biggest challenge.

Well, the private sector, Ford, Intel, Delta and American Airlines have stepped forward to provide Internet-accessed computers for their employees. Unfortunately, the IRS wants to tax it. For a worker making \$27,000 a year, that means \$200 in higher taxes, just because their employer provides them with a computer. Think about that. The janitor, the assembly line worker, the laborer, their children having Internet access and a computer at home to do their school work.

Mr. Speaker, it is good policy; and I am glad to see the private sector stepping forward.

That is why I want to ask my colleagues to join with me in cosponsoring the DDATA Act, legislation that clarifies that employer-provided computers and Internet access are tax free, treated the same way as an employer-provided pension or health care benefit.

The DDATA Act is pro worker, pro education, and pro technology. Let us stop the IRS from taxing these kinds of employer benefits.

IMMIGRANTS IN HIGH-TECH INDUSTRY PROVIDE ECONOMIC SECURITY

(Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I think it is possible for this great body to address the concerns of many, if there is an effort to deliberate and concentrate and generate a solution.

This week, we may have the opportunity to look closely at the needs of our high-tech industry with respect to additional personnel. It is called the H1-B nonimmigrant visas. As many of us have heard and as the country has heard, this high-tech industry has been an anchor of our economic boom.

However, at the same time, there are serious humanitarian issues that I believe warrant our consideration. One of them deals with the providing of late amnesty options for thousands upon thousands of immigrants who have been living in this country and paying taxes, buying homes and raising their children, but because of an INS mistake, were not able to apply for late amnesty. Then we have the parity that needs to occur for Central America similar to that given to any Nicaraguans and Cubans so that the fairness will allow families to remain united.

Then, as we look at the non-immigrant visas, it is important to protect American workers and to provide opportunities for employment in the high-tech industry for African Americans and Hispanics. We can do good if we put our minds to it.